Company Number: 38483

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta CONTENTS

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Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors

Sean Murphy Padraig Mallon Mícheál O Coileáin Lisa McElligott Breda O'Dwyer Kieran Corcoran Cora Creed

Breda Cashe (Appointed 6 September 2022) Ellen Cranitch (Appointed 25 July 2023) Martin O'Donoghue (Appointed 25 July 2023)

Company Secretary

Breda O'Dwyer (Appointed 7 June 2023)

Cora Creed (Appointed 5 May 2022, Resigned 7 June

2023)

Breda O'Dwyer (Resigned 5 May 2022)

Company Number

38483

Charity Number

CHY5842

Registered Office

Town Park, Tralee, Co Kerry Ireland

Business Address

Town Park Tralee Co. Kerry Ireland

Auditors

Joan O'Sullivan & Co.

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm

12 Denny Street

Tralee Co. Kerry

Bankers

Allied Irish Bank Castle Street Tralee Co. Kerry

Solicitors

Thomas J. O'Halloran 2 Church Terrace Ashe Street Tralee Co. Kerry

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal Activity

Siamsa Tíre is home to Ireland's National Folk Theatre. The principal activity of the company continues to be the promotion of Irish culture through the medium of theatre at its own premises and other venues. The company also provides theatre and exhibition facilities to third parties.

The Covid-19 pandemic continued to have a significant impact on operations during 2022 however there was some recovery of Box Office receipts. The support of the Arts Council has been crucial to the company's financial stability at this difficult time. The Government EWSS continued in a limited form until 31 May 2022. The expectation is that support from the Arts Council and Kerry County Council will continue into 2023.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital. The objects and powers of the charitable company is governed under its Constitution and managed by a Board of Directors. The charity has been granted charitable tax status under Sections 207 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, Charity No. 5842 and is registered with the Charities Regulatory Authority.

The company is committed to fully adopting the principles of the voluntary Governance Code.

Financial Results

The surplus for the financial year after providing for depreciation amounted to €7,179 (2021 - €17,659).

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €1,777,636 (2021 - €1,540,573) and liabilities of €1,681,324 (2021 - €1,451,440). The net assets of the company have increased by €7,179.

The company is prohibited by its Constitution from declaring a dividend to its members.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year, except as noted, were as follows:

Sean Murphy
Padraig Mallon
Mícheál O Coileáin
Lisa McElligott
Breda O'Dwyer
Kieran Corcoran
Cora Creed
Breda Cashe (Appointed 6 September 2022)
Ellen Cranitch (Appointed 25 July 2023)
Martin O'Donoghue (Appointed 25 July 2023)

The secretaries who served during the financial year were:

Breda O'Dwyer (Appointed 7 June 2023) Cora Creed (Appointed 5 May 2022, Resigned 7 June 2023) Breda O'Dwyer (Resigned 5 May 2022)

There are no directors' interests requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 2014.

In accordance with the Constitution, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Future Developments

The company plans to continue its present activities and current trading levels. Employees are kept as fully informed as practicable about developments within the business.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end.

Auditors

The auditors, Joan O'Sullivan & Co., (Chartered Accountants) have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The general economic conditions in Ireland and beyond pose the greatest risk and uncertainty as the Company is dependent on continued public funding, box office receipts, sponsorship and fundraising income to fund its principal activities.

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the recovery of the Irish and global economies, continues to affect the Company's ability to generate box office income and makes the current environment a challenging one for the organisation.

The board has conducted its own review of the risks and uncertainties to which the organisation is exposed and action has been taken to mitigate those risks. Internal risks are minimised by prudent budgeting, the implementation of procedures for authorisation of all transactions and procedures to ensure quality of delivery of all operational aspects of the company. These procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that they continue to meet the needs of the organisation.

The directors have adequate financial reporting procedures to manage credit, liquidity and other financial risk

Members

Members of the company guarantee to contribute an amount not exceeding €1 to the assets of the company in the event of a winding up.

Financial reporting framework

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards issued by the financial Reporting Council, including "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" applying Section 1A of that standard ("FRS 102 Section 1A").

Small companies' exemptions

The company has availed of the small companies' exemptions contained in the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the requirements for exclusion of certain information in the directors' report.

Statement on Relevant Audit Information

In accordance with section 330 of the Companies Act 2014, so far as each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Compliance Statement

The directors are responsible for securing the company's compliance with its relevant obligations (compliance with both company and tax law) and with respect to each of the following three items. We confirm:

- the existence of a compliance policy statement;
- appropriate arrangements or structures are in place to secure material compliance with the company's relevant obligations;
- a review of such arrangements and structures has taken place during the year

Accounting Records

To ensure that proper books and accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The books of account are located at the company's office at Town Park, Tralee, Co Kerry.

Signed on behalf of the board

Sean Murphy Director

22 August 2023

Breda O' Dwyer

Director

22 August 2023

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor

Each person who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board

Sean Wurphy Director

22 August 2023

Breda O' Dwyer

22 August 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council, applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2022 and
 of its surplus for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 5 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Joan O'Sullivan for and on behalf of JOAN O'SULLIVAN & CO.

loan

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm

12 Denny Street

Tralee Co. Kerry

22 August 2023

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as going concerns. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as going concerns.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Income	6	1,816,035	1,354,185
Expenditure		(1,808,856)	(1,336,526)
Surplus for the financial year	19	7,179	17,659
Total comprehensive income		7,179	17,659

Approved by the board on 22 August 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Sean Murphy Director Breda O' Dwyer Director

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	11	1,253,867	1,317,807
Current Assets			
Stocks	12	3,248	2,409
Debtors	13	232,101	66,843
Cash and cash equivalents		288,420	153,514
		523,769	222,766
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(600,667)	(315,739)
Net Current Liabilities		(76,898)	(92,973)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		1,176,969	1,224,834
amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(1,080,657)	(1,135,701)
Net Assets		96,312	89,133
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account	19	96,312	89,133
Members' Funds		96,312	89,133

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland,", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

Approved by the board on 22 August 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Sean Musphy

Director

Breda O' Dwyer

Directo

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 31 December 2022

as at 31 December 2022	Retained surplus	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2021	71,474	71,474
Surplus for the financial year	17,659	17,659
At 31 December 2021	89,133	89,133
Surplus for the financial year	7,179	7,179
At 31 December 2022	96,312	96,312

Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 €	2021 €
Cash flows from operating activities Surplus for the financial year Adjustments for:		7,179	17,659
Depreciation Amortisation of government grants		66,473 (55,044)	68,147 (55,821)
Mayomenta in working applied		18,608	29,985
Movements in working capital: Movement in stocks Movement in debtors Movement in creditors		(839) (165,258) 287,745	2,681 (38,130) 10,955
Cash generated from operations		140,256	5,491
Cash flows from investing activities Payments to acquire tangible assets		(2,533)	(9,607)
Cash flows from financing activities Government grants			10,497
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		137,723 150,284	6,381 143,903
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	25	288,007	150,284

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

1. General Information

The financial statements comprising the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta for the financial year ended 31 December 2022. Siamsa Tire Cuideachta Faoi Theorainn Ráthaíochta is a company limited by guarantee having no share capital and incorporated in the Republic of Ireland (Registered number 38483) with a registered office at Town Park, Tralee, Co. Kerry.

The financial statements of the company are presented in euro (€), the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates (its functional currency).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Income

Income represents box office receipts, theatre rentals, bar and merchandise sales and various revenue grants and donations and is included in the Income and Expenditure Account when receivable.

Mineral bar and merchandise sales represent net sales to customers and excludes Value Added Tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold Plant and machinery Computer hardware - 2% Straight line

- 10% Straight line

20% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow-moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

The company provides a range of benefits to employees, including paid holiday arrangements.

Taxation

No charge to current or deferred taxation arises as the charity has been granted charitable status under Sections 207 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997. The company's charity registration number is CHY5842

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Income and Expenditure Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Income and Expenditure Account when received.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. Annual contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in the period to which they relate.

Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Other Financial Assets

Other financial assets including trade debtors for goods sold to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that customer, which is normally the invoice price, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment, where there is objective evidence of an impairment.

Loans and Borrowings

All loans and borrowings, both assets and liabilities are initially recorded at the present value of cash payable to the lender in settlement of the liability discounted at the market interest rate. Subsequently loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The computation of amortised cost includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium on settlement, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one year or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement if the liability for at least twelve months after the financial year end date.

Other Financial Liabilities

Trade creditors are measured at invoice price, unless payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate. In this case the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Impairment of Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence of impairment of any financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost, including unlisted investments, loans, trade debtors and cash. If there is objective evidence of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the Income and Expenditure account in that financial year.

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Judgements

The judgements that have had the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are discussed below.

(a)Going concern

The directors are required to assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. While the company continues to be affected by the Covid -19 pandemic, the company's activities continue due to ongoing support from the Arts Council, Kerry County Council and other state agencies. The company has confirmed continued support from the Art Council in respect of 2023. The directors have prepared a budget for 2023/24. In order to achieve this, the directors have chosen a combination of revenue generating initiatives, cost cutting measures, Government and other financial supports and made key strategic decisions. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The current grant funding agreement with the Arts Council covers the period to 31st December 2023. Funding in respect of 2024 will not be agreed until early 2024. As the outcome of the 2024 grant application cannot be predetermined there is a risk that the Company's grant could be substantially reduced in 2024 and that, as a result, the company would need to significantly curtail its operating activities. The Directors are hopeful that the core funding level will remain at its current level.

The directors recognise that in the current economic environment risks exist regarding the achievability of forecast sales and margins and the timing and occurrence of forecasted cash flows. The directors are satisfied having reviewed the results of the organisation since the year ended 31 December 2022, that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on the going concern basis.

(b)Determination of depreciation, useful economic life and residual value of fixed assets.

The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of fixed assets. The directors regularly review these useful lives and change them if necessary to reflect current conditions. In determining these useful lives

Management considers technological change, patterns of consumption, physical condition and expected economic utilization of the assets. Changes in the useful lives can have a significant impact on the depreciation charge for the financial year. The net book value of Tangible Fixed Assets subject to depreciation at the financial year end date was €1,253,867 (31 December 2021: €1,317,807).

4. Departure from Companies Act 2014 Presentation

The directors have elected to present an Income and Expenditure Account instead of a Profit and Loss Account in these financial statements as this company is a not-for-profit entity.

5. Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature, we use our auditors to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

6.	Income

The income for the financial year is analysed as follows:	2022 €	2021 €
By Category: Box office receipts Rent of theatre and facilities Mineral bar and merchandise sales Other income Kerry County Council-Annual Funding Arts Council Core Operating Revenue Grants Failte Ireland Other operating income	718,370 91,969 58,379 15,801 54,400 611,737 16,295 249,084	94,035 20,800 375 15,872 27,750 403,764 791,589

Other operating income represents Government grants.

The whole of the company's income is attributable to its market in the Republic of Ireland and is derived from the principal activity of the promotion of Irish culture through the medium of theatre.

7.	Operating surplus	2022	2021
		€	€
	Operating surplus is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	66,473	68,147
	Government grants received	(194,040)	(735,768)
	Amortisation of Government grants	(55,044)	(55,821)

8. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 36, (2021 - 47).

	Number	Number
Management	1	1
Artistic	8	19
Technical	8	5
Administration	19	22
	36	47

9. STAFF COSTS

The staff costs comprise:

	2022 €	2021 €
Wages and Salaries Social Welfare Costs Pension Costs	696,497 52,575 16,750	964,709 4,792 21,215
	765,822	990,716

continued

Number of

Employees

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

10. Employee Remuneration

Salary Band

Key management includes the Board of Directors and all members of the Company Management team. There were no other compensation costs incurred during the year. No amount was capitalised into assets. No remuneration was paid to any members of the Board

				Linploye	.03
	(€0-€60,000) (€€60,000-€70,000)			3	5 1
11.	Tangible assets	Land and buildings freehold €	Plant and machinery	Computer hardware	Total
	Cost At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals	2,655,024	1,017,272 1,750	89,972 783 (67,959)	3,762,268 2,533 (67,959)
	At 31 December 2022	2,655,024	1,019,022	22,796	3,696,842
	Depreciation At 1 January 2022 Charge for the financial year On disposals	1,397,380 52,929	961,591 12,172	85,490 1,372 (67,959)	2,444,461 66,473 (67,959)
	At 31 December 2022	1,450,309	973,763	18,903	2,442,975
	Net book value At 31 December 2022	1,204,715	45,259	3,893	1,253,867
	At 31 December 2021	1,257,644	55,681	4,482	1,317,807
	The depreciable element of land and buildings in (2021: €2,646,475).	the company,	namely buildin	igs amounted t	o €2,646,475
12.	Stocks			2022 €	2021 €
	Goods for resale Consumables			3,248	1,637 772
				3,248	2,409
13.	Debtors			2022	2021 €
	Trade debtors Prepayments			50,890 181,211	9,819 57,024

All debtors are due within one year. Trade debtors are shown net of impairment in respect of doubtful debts.

66,843

232,101

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

14.	Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	2022 €	2021 €
	Amounts owed to credit institutions		
	Bank overdrafts	413	3,230
	Trade creditors	310,268	49,993
	Taxation	19,242	17,351
	Pension accrual	¥1	8,792
	Accruals & Deferred Income	270,744	236,373
		600,667	315,739

Trade creditors include amounts owing to suppliers, who purport to include reservation of title clauses in their conditions of sales. It is not practicable to quantify this amount, or how much of it is included in stocks.

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed charge on the land and buildings of the company at Finuge, Lixnaw, County Kerry.

15.	Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	2022 €	2021 €
	Government grants (Note 17)	1,080,657	1,135,701

16. Pension costs - defined contribution

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Pension costs amounted to €16,750 (2021 - €21,215).

Unpaid contributions outstanding at 31 December 2022 amounted to €0.00 (31 December 2021 - €8,792).

17.	CAPITAL GRANTS	2022 €	2021 €
	Capital grants received and receivable At 1 January 2022 Increase in financial year	1,135,701	1,181,025 10,497
	At 31 December 2022	1,135,701	1,191,522
	Amortisation Amortised in financial year	(55,044)	(55,821)
	Net book value At 31 December 2022	1,080,657	1,135,701

There are no agreements to repay in whole or in parts any capital grant received. The Department of Arts, Heritage and the Gaeltacht has a charge over the lands situated at The Town Park, Tralee, County Kerry.

17 Grants -continued

Name of Grantor	Name of Grant	Purpose		Amount D	Deferred	Accrued	Accrued Amount of	Cash		_	Deferred	Accrued
			L.			(Deferred) Grant 31	Grant F Award in	Grant Received/(ard in Payment)	Recognised as Income	gnised Amount Income Owed 31	31 Dec	(Deferred) Grant 31 Dec 2022
Name of Grantor	Name of Grant	Lupose		707	707	707 707	7		4		4	
Arts Council	Annual Grant	Core & artistic purposes	12 months				310,000	310,000	310,000			
Arts Council	Emergency Stabilisation Fund	Arts delivery					277,000	150,000	277,000	127,000		
Arts Council	Capacity Building Support Scheme 2020	HR,Website Marketing capacity Development	2020	4,000	4,987			4,000	4,987			
Arts Council	Capacity Building Support Scheme 2021	Strategic Plan Development - Communique	2021	4,000	8,000			4,000	8,000			
Arts Council	Energy costs grant 2022	Energy costs grant 2022					11,000	11,000	11,000			
Arts Council	Culture Night	Assist in Culture Night Costs						750	750			
Kerry County Council	Arts grant aid	Ans delivery	12 months	10,000			20,000	30,000	20,000			
Kerry County Council	Financial Support	Business Turnaround Plan					34,400		34,400			
	Employment Wass Circidu Schame Aeciet in mostina nourall racte	Assist in mosting nauml rosts		10 114			188 279	198.393	188.280			
Veverine Collinson leis	Employment wage subsidy serious			107	2764			F 764	F 761			
Revenue Comissioners	BRSS	BRSS		19/,6	5,767			19/'6	197'6			
Failte Ireland	Bookable Experience Development	Bookable Experience Development					31,230		8,709	31,230	22,521	
Failte Ireland	Data Measurement & Analytics	Data Measurement & Analytics					2,880		2,880	2,880		
Failte Ireland	Connected Distribution	Connected Distribution					2,426		2,426	2,426		
Failte Ireland	Covid Adaptation Fund	Financial assistance in making business covid compliant upon reopening	2020		2,279	9,282			3,739			7,822
Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, Gaeltacht, Sport and Media	Culture Capital Scheme 2019-2022 Stream D	Capital adaptations, supply or renovations of equipment re Covid 19	2020			990'9			759			5,297
Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht	Access II scheme	Purchase of equipment	2020			14,919			1,865			13,054
Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht	Access II scheme	Purchase of equipment				6,202			886			5,316
Department or Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht		Purchase of equipment Building ungrades				15,486			4,564			10,922
National Lottery		Building upgrades				295,616			15,237			280,379
Dept of Transport, Tourism & Sport SEAI	k Sport	Building upgrades Building upgrades				55,190 87,500			1,944			53,738 85,556
Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht		Building upgrades				256,203			6,562			249,641
			1 11	33,875	21,027	1,135,701	877,215	713,904	931,516	163,536	22,521	1,080,657

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

18. Status

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members or within one year thereafter for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members and the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves such amount as may be required, not exceeding € 1.27.

19. Income Statement

	2022 €	2021 €
At 1 January 2022 Surplus for the financial year	89,133 7,179	71,474 17,659
At 31 December 2022	96,312	89,133

20. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2022.

21. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022.

22. Directors' remuneration

No members of the board of directors received any remuneration during the year (2021: Nil). No members of the board of directors or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into by the charity during the year (2021: Nil).

23. Controlling interest

The company is under the ultimate control of its members.

24. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

25.	Cash and cash equivalents	2022 €	2021 €
	Cash and bank balances Bank overdrafts	288,420 (413)	153,514 (3,230)
		288,007	150,284

26. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 22 August 2023.